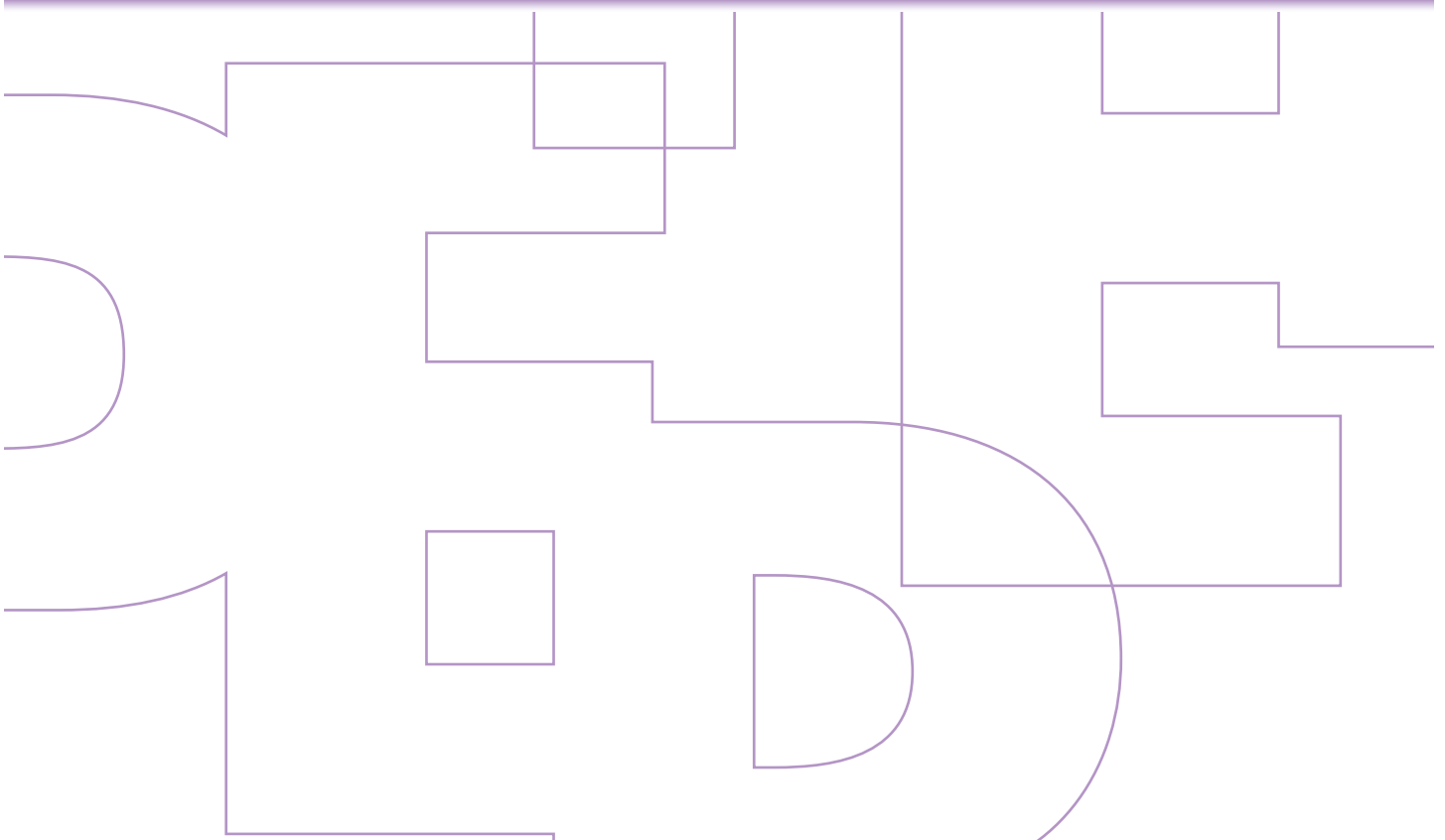




Hospice State-Level Top Terminal Diagnoses Report

Q4FY22



Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Alaska, 5 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	295	33.8%	38.7
Dementia	155	17.7%	62.3
Circulatory or heart disease	103	11.8%	72.0
Stroke	85	9.7%	82.6
Respiratory disease	67	7.7%	48.7
Top Terminal CCS Category	705	80.7%	55.0
All CCS Categories	874	100%	51.2

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Alabama, 88 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	5,306	24.0%	50.9
Circulatory or heart disease	4,853	22.0%	118.1
Dementia	3,835	17.3%	148.4
Respiratory disease	2,944	13.3%	82.5
Stroke	1,867	8.4%	112.4
Top Terminal CCS Category	18,805	85.1%	99.2
All CCS Categories	22,104	100%	96.5

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Arkansas, 46 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	3,741	25.9%	43.3
Circulatory or heart disease	2,573	17.8%	73.2
Dementia	2,367	16.4%	111.0
Respiratory disease	1,814	12.6%	68.2
Stroke	1,260	8.7%	65.8
Top Terminal CCS Category	11,755	81.4%	69.7
All CCS Categories	14,449	100%	65.3

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Arizona, 197 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	8,066	25.4%	45.1
Circulatory or heart disease	5,988	18.9%	95.1
Dementia	5,865	18.5%	131.9
Respiratory disease	2,968	9.3%	83.8
Stroke	2,443	7.7%	78.3
Top Terminal CCS Category	25,330	79.8%	84.8
All CCS Categories	31,755	100%	78.8

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - California, 1530 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	30,676	28.3%	44.8
Dementia	20,076	18.5%	122.2
Circulatory or heart disease	18,957	17.5%	86.1
Stroke	11,960	11.0%	93.1
Respiratory disease	8,562	7.9%	67.0
Top Terminal CCS Category	90,231	83.1%	79.2
All CCS Categories	108,534	100%	76.7

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Colorado, 75 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	4,462	25.8%	48.6
Dementia	2,922	16.9%	112.9
Circulatory or heart disease	2,759	16.0%	81.9
Respiratory disease	1,973	11.4%	72.2
Stroke	1,618	9.4%	84.0
Top Terminal CCS Category	13,734	79.4%	76.5
All CCS Categories	17,290	100%	72.3

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Connecticut, 24 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	3,599	28.5%	36.7
Dementia	2,132	16.9%	97.2
Circulatory or heart disease	1,787	14.1%	53.1
Stroke	1,297	10.3%	90.9
Respiratory disease	1,178	9.3%	30.2
Top Terminal CCS Category	9,993	79.0%	58.8
All CCS Categories	12,650	100%	55.1

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - District of Columbia, 3 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	294	37.2%	64.5
Dementia	142	18.0%	102.4
Stroke	121	15.3%	92.2
Circulatory or heart disease	108	13.7%	74.2
Respiratory disease	28	3.5%	114.8
Top Terminal CCS Category	693	87.6%	80.6
All CCS Categories	791	100%	77.0

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Delaware, 11 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	1,501	30.0%	48.9
Circulatory or heart disease	881	17.6%	76.6
Stroke	749	15.0%	96.6
Dementia	554	11.1%	110.9
Respiratory disease	466	9.3%	80.6
Top Terminal CCS Category	4,151	83.0%	75.2
All CCS Categories	5,002	100%	70.3

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Florida, 50 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	28,386	25.9%	41.4
Circulatory or heart disease	17,854	16.3%	68.9
Stroke	17,007	15.5%	104.7
Dementia	12,812	11.7%	121.6
Respiratory disease	12,483	11.4%	49.9
Top Terminal CCS Category	88,542	80.8%	71.9
All CCS Categories	109,584	100%	67.8

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113). The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>. Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice. Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Georgia, 229 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	9,635	25.8%	44.6
Dementia	7,129	19.1%	141.0
Circulatory or heart disease	6,020	16.1%	88.3
Respiratory disease	4,802	12.9%	63.1
Stroke	3,284	8.8%	75.5
Top Terminal CCS Category	30,870	82.7%	81.5
All CCS Categories	37,332	100%	78.1

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Hawaii, 10 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	1,207	28.2%	50.2
Dementia	780	18.3%	135.0
Stroke	655	15.3%	92.6
Circulatory or heart disease	601	14.1%	81.3
Respiratory disease	249	5.8%	76.5
Top Terminal CCS Category	3,492	81.7%	84.3
All CCS Categories	4,273	100%	80.1

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Iowa, 73 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	4,059	25.0%	48.0
Circulatory or heart disease	3,259	20.0%	61.0
Dementia	2,590	15.9%	87.4
Respiratory disease	1,603	9.9%	59.8
Stroke	1,117	6.9%	53.4
Top Terminal CCS Category	12,628	77.6%	61.4
All CCS Categories	16,263	100%	57.0

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Idaho, 47 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	1,901	24.8%	54.4
Circulatory or heart disease	1,492	19.4%	91.0
Dementia	1,150	15.0%	118.4
Respiratory disease	767	10.0%	82.2
Stroke	502	6.5%	74.2
Top Terminal CCS Category	5,812	75.7%	81.8
All CCS Categories	7,679	100%	77.5

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

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Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Illinois, 126 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	12,178	27.4%	40.0
Circulatory or heart disease	7,331	16.5%	59.1
Dementia	6,827	15.4%	107.3
Stroke	5,580	12.5%	75.9
Respiratory disease	4,022	9.0%	48.8
Top Terminal CCS Category	35,938	80.8%	63.2
All CCS Categories	44,463	100%	59.9

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Indiana, 91 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	7,944	26.8%	44.9
Circulatory or heart disease	5,265	17.8%	76.2
Dementia	4,725	16.0%	109.6
Respiratory disease	3,469	11.7%	63.3
Stroke	2,511	8.5%	72.9
Top Terminal CCS Category	23,914	80.7%	70.2
All CCS Categories	29,621	100%	66.4

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

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Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Kansas, 83 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	2,956	22.9%	46.2
Circulatory or heart disease	2,473	19.1%	78.0
Dementia	2,371	18.3%	110.8
Respiratory disease	1,394	10.8%	60.3
Stroke	909	7.0%	77.5
Top Terminal CCS Category	10,103	78.1%	73.9
All CCS Categories	12,929	100%	69.4

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Kentucky, 23 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	5,478	30.2%	38.4
Dementia	2,842	15.7%	69.9
Circulatory or heart disease	2,532	14.0%	56.4
Respiratory disease	2,225	12.3%	45.4
Stroke	1,454	8.0%	44.3
Top Terminal CCS Category	14,531	80.1%	49.4
All CCS Categories	18,139	100%	46.7

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

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Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Louisiana, 125 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	4,904	25.7%	48.9
Circulatory or heart disease	3,452	18.1%	92.8
Dementia	3,262	17.1%	135.2
Respiratory disease	2,157	11.3%	81.2
Stroke	1,786	9.4%	85.1
Top Terminal CCS Category	15,561	81.6%	85.4
All CCS Categories	19,061	100%	81.0

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Massachusetts, 73 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	7,221	29.7%	45.4
Dementia	4,483	18.4%	110.9
Circulatory or heart disease	3,903	16.0%	69.7
Stroke	2,174	8.9%	76.8
Respiratory disease	1,932	7.9%	66.4
Top Terminal CCS Category	19,713	81.1%	70.6
All CCS Categories	24,319	100%	68.3

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Maryland, 26 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	5,729	28.8%	40.4
Stroke	2,902	14.6%	64.4
Dementia	2,732	13.7%	90.2
Circulatory or heart disease	2,716	13.6%	57.8
Respiratory disease	1,551	7.8%	44.7
Top Terminal CCS Category	15,630	78.5%	57.0
All CCS Categories	19,908	100%	52.8

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Maine, 15 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	1,969	27.8%	48.4
Circulatory or heart disease	1,291	18.2%	79.7
Dementia	1,073	15.1%	121.5
Stroke	882	12.4%	75.6
Respiratory disease	618	8.7%	64.0
Top Terminal CCS Category	5,833	82.2%	74.5
All CCS Categories	7,093	100%	70.2

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Michigan, 149 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	12,007	26.4%	46.6
Circulatory or heart disease	9,225	20.3%	82.6
Dementia	6,177	13.6%	117.4
Stroke	5,501	12.1%	89.9
Respiratory disease	3,972	8.7%	63.8
Top Terminal CCS Category	36,882	81.2%	75.8
All CCS Categories	45,419	100%	71.4

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113). The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>. Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice. Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Minnesota, 77 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	5,628	26.1%	52.5
Circulatory or heart disease	4,400	20.4%	87.6
Dementia	3,738	17.4%	116.9
Stroke	1,911	8.9%	82.7
Respiratory disease	1,760	8.2%	76.2
Top Terminal CCS Category	17,437	81.0%	80.8
All CCS Categories	21,526	100%	77.7

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Missouri, 122 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	7,518	27.4%	46.0
Circulatory or heart disease	5,171	18.9%	71.4
Dementia	4,309	15.7%	103.3
Respiratory disease	2,889	10.5%	69.2
Stroke	1,985	7.2%	70.4
Top Terminal CCS Category	21,872	79.8%	68.6
All CCS Categories	27,422	100%	66.2

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Mississippi, 88 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	3,362	27.3%	47.6
Circulatory or heart disease	2,401	19.5%	93.4
Dementia	2,163	17.6%	128.7
Respiratory disease	1,420	11.5%	89.8
Stroke	935	7.6%	80.3
Top Terminal CCS Category	10,281	83.6%	84.2
All CCS Categories	12,298	100%	80.8

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Montana, 29 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	1,075	29.1%	40.8
Circulatory or heart disease	593	16.1%	58.6
Dementia	490	13.3%	83.2
Respiratory disease	428	11.6%	57.8
Stroke	168	4.6%	40.5
Top Terminal CCS Category	2,754	74.7%	54.8
All CCS Categories	3,688	100%	53.6

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - North Carolina, 76 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	11,773	27.3%	46.7
Circulatory or heart disease	7,014	16.3%	78.1
Dementia	6,641	15.4%	115.7
Stroke	4,733	11.0%	74.2
Respiratory disease	4,225	9.8%	76.8
Top Terminal CCS Category	34,386	79.7%	73.9
All CCS Categories	43,146	100%	69.2

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - North Dakota, 13 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	819	29.0%	48.1
Circulatory or heart disease	530	18.7%	59.3
Dementia	505	17.9%	98.5
Respiratory disease	235	8.3%	58.6
Stroke	130	4.6%	42.0
Top Terminal CCS Category	2,219	78.5%	63.0
All CCS Categories	2,827	100%	59.4

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Nebraska, 37 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	1,893	25.3%	39.7
Circulatory or heart disease	1,500	20.1%	55.1
Dementia	1,434	19.2%	90.8
Respiratory disease	653	8.7%	57.1
Stroke	481	6.4%	67.2
Top Terminal CCS Category	5,961	79.7%	60.0
All CCS Categories	7,475	100%	58.7

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - New Hampshire, 22 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	1,469	26.7%	46.2
Dementia	1,038	18.9%	96.0
Circulatory or heart disease	943	17.1%	70.5
Respiratory disease	532	9.7%	67.7
Stroke	409	7.4%	60.0
Top Terminal CCS Category	4,391	79.9%	67.1
All CCS Categories	5,499	100%	63.6

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - New Jersey, 63 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	8,217	27.9%	37.1
Dementia	5,444	18.5%	107.5
Circulatory or heart disease	4,865	16.5%	59.5
Respiratory disease	3,267	11.1%	36.2
Stroke	2,205	7.5%	59.9
Top Terminal CCS Category	23,998	81.4%	59.6
All CCS Categories	29,471	100%	56.8

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - New Mexico, 47 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	1,875	26.1%	49.8
Circulatory or heart disease	1,114	15.5%	79.9
Dementia	982	13.7%	132.9
Respiratory disease	850	11.8%	78.7
Stroke	607	8.4%	86.2
Top Terminal CCS Category	5,428	75.5%	79.6
All CCS Categories	7,189	100%	77.3

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Nevada, 92 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	3,114	27.6%	38.9
Circulatory or heart disease	2,015	17.8%	70.3
Dementia	1,859	16.5%	113.2
Respiratory disease	1,220	10.8%	66.7
Stroke	1,088	9.6%	73.0
Top Terminal CCS Category	9,296	82.3%	68.2
All CCS Categories	11,295	100%	63.7

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - New York, 41 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	13,374	37.0%	40.8
Dementia	5,772	16.0%	76.9
Circulatory or heart disease	4,659	12.9%	56.3
Respiratory disease	3,177	8.8%	45.6
Stroke	2,577	7.1%	53.1
Top Terminal CCS Category	29,559	81.7%	51.9
All CCS Categories	36,169	100%	50.4

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Ohio, 145 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	14,655	24.8%	44.7
Circulatory or heart disease	10,064	17.0%	80.7
Dementia	8,017	13.6%	124.5
Stroke	7,035	11.9%	91.8
Respiratory disease	6,882	11.6%	60.1
Top Terminal CCS Category	46,653	79.0%	75.6
All CCS Categories	59,078	100%	70.4

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Oklahoma, 119 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	4,093	24.5%	49.7
Circulatory or heart disease	3,376	20.2%	99.0
Dementia	2,912	17.4%	143.3
Respiratory disease	1,942	11.6%	86.4
Stroke	1,226	7.3%	85.6
Top Terminal CCS Category	13,549	81.0%	90.6
All CCS Categories	16,724	100%	86.3

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Oregon, 57 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	4,578	26.2%	46.0
Dementia	3,014	17.3%	85.2
Circulatory or heart disease	2,932	16.8%	67.3
Stroke	2,013	11.5%	74.7
Respiratory disease	1,395	8.0%	62.1
Top Terminal CCS Category	13,932	79.8%	64.7
All CCS Categories	17,459	100%	61.9

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Pennsylvania, 183 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	15,360	27.6%	43.8
Circulatory or heart disease	10,716	19.2%	69.5
Dementia	8,458	15.2%	102.3
Respiratory disease	5,723	10.3%	48.7
Stroke	4,365	7.8%	67.3
Top Terminal CCS Category	44,622	80.1%	64.0
All CCS Categories	55,741	100%	60.5

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Puerto Rico, 44 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	1,012	32.4%	60.0
Dementia	887	28.4%	142.0
Circulatory or heart disease	348	11.1%	110.7
Stroke	261	8.3%	89.5
Respiratory disease	237	7.6%	132.6
Top Terminal CCS Category	2,745	87.8%	102.0
All CCS Categories	3,128	100%	102.4

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Rhode Island, 8 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	1,345	24.9%	41.0
Dementia	1,012	18.8%	106.0
Circulatory or heart disease	864	16.0%	71.3
Stroke	545	10.1%	61.6
Respiratory disease	452	8.4%	63.0
Top Terminal CCS Category	4,218	78.2%	67.8
All CCS Categories	5,393	100%	62.6

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - South Carolina, 85 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	6,332	25.7%	45.2
Dementia	4,232	17.2%	141.1
Circulatory or heart disease	4,016	16.3%	82.3
Respiratory disease	3,028	12.3%	70.2
Stroke	2,082	8.5%	73.4
Top Terminal CCS Category	19,690	80.0%	80.2
All CCS Categories	24,616	100%	76.1

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - South Dakota, 15 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	896	28.7%	41.8
Circulatory or heart disease	555	17.8%	59.2
Dementia	417	13.3%	77.6
Respiratory disease	312	10.0%	59.3
Stroke	181	5.8%	60.1
Top Terminal CCS Category	2,361	75.6%	55.9
All CCS Categories	3,124	100%	51.7

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Tennessee, 56 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	8,187	26.4%	45.5
Circulatory or heart disease	5,771	18.6%	76.0
Dementia	5,524	17.8%	114.8
Respiratory disease	3,571	11.5%	72.7
Stroke	2,734	8.8%	75.9
Top Terminal CCS Category	25,787	83.1%	74.1
All CCS Categories	31,048	100%	70.3

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Texas, 814 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	23,559	24.4%	45.4
Dementia	18,109	18.8%	143.7
Circulatory or heart disease	16,390	17.0%	90.5
Respiratory disease	11,890	12.3%	61.5
Stroke	8,354	8.7%	84.5
Top Terminal CCS Category	78,302	81.2%	84.2
All CCS Categories	96,417	100%	79.1

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Utah, 84 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Circulatory or heart disease	2,380	23.6%	114.5
Cancer	1,972	19.6%	53.1
Dementia	1,603	15.9%	142.0
Respiratory disease	977	9.7%	83.5
Stroke	739	7.3%	93.0
Top Terminal CCS Category	7,671	76.2%	98.5
All CCS Categories	10,068	100%	94.3

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Virginia, 111 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	8,065	27.8%	49.2
Dementia	4,988	17.2%	115.9
Circulatory or heart disease	4,578	15.8%	72.3
Stroke	3,093	10.7%	95.9
Respiratory disease	2,992	10.3%	56.4
Top Terminal CCS Category	23,716	81.7%	74.7
All CCS Categories	29,025	100%	71.0

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Virgin Islands, 3 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Dementia	45	32.6%	127.5
Cancer	43	31.2%	91.7
Stroke	17	12.3%	106.6
Circulatory or heart disease	14	10.1%	39.4
Top Terminal CCS Category	119	86.2%	101.2
All CCS Categories	138	100%	93.1

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Vermont, 10 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	840	30.3%	47.3
Circulatory or heart disease	511	18.5%	79.3
Dementia	493	17.8%	142.2
Respiratory disease	235	8.5%	101.6
Stroke	174	6.3%	96.5
Top Terminal CCS Category	2,253	81.4%	84.8
All CCS Categories	2,768	100%	80.2

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Washington, 37 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	6,631	30.1%	50.6
Dementia	4,160	18.9%	84.6
Circulatory or heart disease	3,482	15.8%	65.8
Stroke	1,818	8.2%	56.9
Respiratory disease	1,594	7.2%	65.9
Top Terminal CCS Category	17,685	80.2%	63.6
All CCS Categories	22,058	100%	61.1

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Wisconsin, 80 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	6,840	25.5%	51.4
Circulatory or heart disease	5,556	20.7%	84.7
Dementia	3,464	12.9%	127.5
Respiratory disease	2,612	9.7%	65.9
Stroke	2,279	8.5%	87.0
Top Terminal CCS Category	20,751	77.3%	78.8
All CCS Categories	26,841	100%	74.3

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - West Virginia, 18 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	2,613	29.0%	40.4
Circulatory or heart disease	1,577	17.5%	74.2
Dementia	1,230	13.6%	82.8
Respiratory disease	1,143	12.7%	65.5
Stroke	674	7.5%	57.6
Top Terminal CCS Category	7,237	80.2%	60.5
All CCS Categories	9,024	100%	57.3

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023

Hospice Q4FY22 Top Terminal Diagnoses Decedents during most recent fiscal year, FY2022

Top Terminal Diagnoses - Wyoming, 18 Hospices

Terminal Clinical Classification System (CCS) Diagnosis Category	Total Decedents for Each Category	Proportion of Decedents for Each Category	State Average Length of Stay for Category
Cancer	517	32.1%	38.9
Circulatory or heart disease	233	14.5%	41.6
Respiratory disease	199	12.3%	57.6
Dementia	154	9.6%	59.8
Stroke	68	4.2%	36.3
Top Terminal CCS Category	1,171	72.6%	45.2
All CCS Categories	1,612	100%	43.2

Note: This report is limited to the top terminal CCS diagnosis categories for which there are a total of at least 11 decedents during the most recent fiscal year. The terminal CCS diagnosis categories are: Cancer (CCS categories 11-47), Circulatory or heart disease (CCS categories 96-108 and 114-121), Dementia (CCS category 653), Respiratory disease (CCS categories 127-134), and Stroke (CCS categories 109-113).

The principal ICD-10 diagnosis code from the final claim was collapsed into a general category using Clinical Classification System (CCS) software. More information on CCS can be found at <http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp>.

Average length of stay is calculated by dividing the total number of days decedents received services from the hospice by the total number of decedents with the terminal CCS diagnosis category(ies) that received services from the hospice.

Source: Medicare Fee-for-Service Claims Date prepared: 24MAR2023